

Surface Integrals of Vector Fields- HW Problems

Evaluate $\iint_S \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{S}$ using an upward/outward pointing normal to the surface.

1. $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = z\vec{i} - 2\vec{j} + y\vec{k}$, S is the plane $x + y + z = 1$, where $x \geq 0$, $y \geq 0$, $z \geq 0$.
2. $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = x\vec{i} + y\vec{j} + z\vec{k}$, S is given by $z = 4 - x^2 - y^2$, where $z \geq 0$.
3. $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = x\vec{i} + y\vec{j} + z\vec{k}$, where S is the upper unit hemisphere.
4. $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = -3\vec{i} + 4\vec{j} + 5\vec{k}$, S is given by $z = x^2 + y^2$, where $x^2 + y^2 \leq 9$.
5. $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = x\vec{i} + y\vec{j} - z^2\vec{k}$, where S is given by $\vec{\Phi}(u, v) = \langle 2 \cos(u), 2 \sin(u), v \rangle$; with $0 \leq u \leq 2\pi$, $0 \leq v \leq 2$
6. $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = x\vec{i} + y\vec{j} + z\vec{k}$, where S is the closed surface made up of the upper unit hemisphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$, $z \geq 0$ and the unit disk in the x - y plane $x^2 + y^2 \leq 1$.
7. Find the flux of the vector field

$$\vec{F}(x, y, z) = (xy^2)\vec{i} + (x^2y)\vec{j} + \left(\frac{1}{3}z^3\right)\vec{k}$$
 out of the unit sphere.

8. Find the flux of the vector field $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\vec{i} + \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\vec{k}$ through the portion of the cone given by $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$; where $x^2 + y^2 \leq 1$.
9. Find the flux across the surface S of $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = \left\langle -\frac{3}{2}x, -\frac{3}{2}y, z \right\rangle$ where S is given by $z = 2 + x^2 + y^2$; where $3 \leq z \leq 6$.
10. Evaluate $\iint_S \vec{F} \cdot \vec{n} dA$, where $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = \vec{i} + \vec{j} + 2z(x^2 + y^2)^2\vec{k}$, and S is the boundary of the solid cylinder given by $x^2 + y^2 \leq 1$, $0 \leq z \leq 2$.