

Representing Functions by Power Series- HW Problems

Find a power series representation of the following functions and determine the interval of convergence.

1. $f(x) = \frac{1}{1+x}$

2. $g(x) = \frac{1}{1-x^3}$

3. $h(x) = \frac{4}{2-x}$

4. $f(x) = \frac{8}{4+x^2}$

5. $g(x) = \frac{x^2}{x^2-4}$

6. $h(x) = \frac{x}{8+2x^2}$

Find a power series representation of the following functions through integration or differentiation and determine the interval of convergence.

7. $f(x) = \ln(3-x)$

8. $g(x) = \ln(1-x^2) = \ln(1-x) + \ln(1+x)$

9. $f(x) = \frac{1}{(1+x)^2} = \frac{d}{dx} \left(-\frac{1}{1+x} \right)$

10. $g(x) = \tan^{-1}(x^2) \quad \left(\text{consider } \int \frac{2x}{1+x^4} dx \right)$

Approximate the following integrals to 6 decimal places.

11. $\int_0^{0.1} \frac{1}{1+x^4} dx$

12. $\int_0^{0.2} \frac{x}{1+x^3} dx$